

Financial Statements June 30, 2022 and 2021 The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society



Independent Auditor's Report	1
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	3
Statements of Activities	4
Statements of Functional Expenses	6
Statements of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society St. Paul, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society (the SPCO), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the SPCO as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities of the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the SPCO and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the SPCO's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

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Auditor's Responsibilities of the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the SPCO's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the SPCO's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Ende Bailly LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 28, 2022

	2022	2021
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investment redemptions receivable Promises to give, net Other receivables	\$ 5,126,890 137,794 1,864,026 817,576	\$ 5,068,298 531,995 1,092,686 1,207,008
Prepaid expenses Beneficial interest in trusts Property and equipment, net Investments	112,487 861,618 482,913 48,299,940	126,361 1,008,478 390,553 51,505,632
Total assets	\$ 57,703,244	\$ 60,931,011
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 219,996	\$ 159,628
Accrued expenses Deferred ticket revenue	278,068 848,001	399,086 679,390
Deferred grant revenue Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan	75,000	218,374 1,203,597
Long term payables Gift annuities payable	93,829 272,969	- 318,672
Total liabilities	1,787,863	2,978,747
Net Assets Without donor restrictions		
Undesignated Designated by the Board for Rainy Day Fund	37,958 3,630,983	37,958 3,463,022
Designated by the Board for endowment	4,110,457	2,897,350
	7,779,398	6,398,330
With donor restrictions Perpetual in nature	42,101,261	40,231,778
Accumulated investment gains Restricted to Rainy Day Fund	- 701,748	5,711,034 659,163
Other purpose restrictions	1,462,748	1,506,644
Time-restricted for future periods	3,870,226	3,445,315
	48,135,983	51,553,934
Total net assets	55,915,381	57,952,264
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 57,703,244	\$ 60,931,011

The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society Statements of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

	With	out Donor Restrict	tions	With	
	Operating	Rainy Day	Endowment	Donor	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Restrictions	Total
Revenue					4
Ticket office revenue	\$ 841,451	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 841,451
Contracted services	305,000	-	-	-	305,000
Net assets released from restriction pursuant to endowment spending					
rate policy	1,859,141		(259,788)	(1,599,353)	
Net investment return	3,155	4,568	(947,041)	(6,334,892)	(7,274,210)
Change in value of trusts	5,155	4,508	(101,861)	(0,334,892) (44,999)	(146,860)
Change in value of gift annuities	_	_	(41,639)	(++,555)	(41,639)
Other revenue	11,544	-	(12)000)	-	11,544
Total revenue	3,020,291	4,568	(1,350,329)	(7,979,244)	(6,304,714)
	-// -	,	()	(/ / /	(-//
Support					
Grants and contributions	4,228,184	-	2,237,819	5,983,480	12,449,483
Government relief	1,203,597	-	-	-	1,203,597
Gross special events revenue	205,704	-	-	11,500	217,204
Less cost of direct benefits					
to donors	(63,612)	-	-	-	(63,612)
Net special events revenue	142,092	-	-	11,500	153,592
Net assets released from restriction	1,084,394		349,293	(1,433,687)	-
Total support	6,658,267		2,587,112	4,561,293	13,806,672
Total revenue and support	9,678,558	4,568	1,236,783	(3,417,951)	7,501,958
Expenses					
Artistic program	7,489,862	-	-	-	7,489,862
Management and general	1,045,205	-	13,407	-	1,058,612
Fundraising	980,098	-	10,269	-	990,367
Total expenses	9,515,165	-	23,676	-	9,538,841
Change in Net Assets Prior to					
Designation	163,393	4,568	1,213,107	(3,417,951)	(2,036,883)
Designation to Deine Dev Fund	(162,202)	162,202			
Designation to Rainy Day Fund	(163,393)	163,393			
Change in Net Assets	-	167,961	1,213,107	(3,417,951)	(2,036,883)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	37,958	3,463,022	2,897,350	51,553,934	57,952,264
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 37,958	\$ 3,630,983	\$ 4,110,457	\$48,135,983	\$ 55,915,381

The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society Statements of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

	With	out Donor Restrict	With		
	Operating	Rainy Day	Endowment	Donor	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Restrictions	Total
Revenue					
Contracted services	\$ 260,000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 260,000
Net assets released from restriction	Ç 200,000	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ş 200,000
pursuant to endowment spending					
rate policy	1,799,833	-	(116,367)	(1,683,466)	-
Net investment return	382	-	752,748	10,843,522	11,596,652
Change in value of trusts	-	-	39,376	54,534	93,910
Change in value of gift annuities	-	-	(91,185)	-	(91,185)
Other revenue	54,147	-	-	-	54,147
Total revenue	2,114,362	-	584,572	9,214,590	11,913,524
Support					
Grants and contributions	4,864,008	-	935,536	935,662	6,735,206
Government relief	2,315,523	-	-	-	2,315,523
Gross special events revenue	173,883	-	-	-	173,883
Less cost of direct benefits	(47747)				
to donors	(17,747)	-	-		(17,747)
Net special events revenue	156,136	-	-	-	156,136
Net assets released from restriction	1,614,345		130,000	(1,744,345)	-
Total support	8,950,012		1,065,536	(808,683)	9,206,865
Total revenue and support	11,064,374		1,650,108	8,405,907	21,120,389
Expenses					
Artistic program	6,226,273	_	-	_	6,226,273
Management and general	931,237	_	16,848	_	948,085
Fundraising	868,906	-	735	-	869,641
Total expenses	8,026,416		17,583		8,043,999
	0,020,120				0,010,000
Change in Net Assets Prior to					
Designation	3,037,958	-	1,632,525	8,405,907	13,076,390
Designation to Rainy Day Fund	(3,000,000)	3,000,000	-	-	-
Change in Net Assets	37,958	3,000,000	1,632,525	8,405,907	13,076,390
Not Accosts Boginning of Yoor		162 022	1 764 975	12 1/0 077	ΛΛ ΩΤΕ ΟΤΛ
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		463,022	1,264,825	43,148,027	44,875,874
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 37,958	\$ 3,463,022	\$ 2,897,350	\$51,553,934	\$ 57,952,264

The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society Statements of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Artistic Program		anagement nd General	Fu	Indraising		Total
Salaries and Benefits	\$	5,410,371	\$	681,355	\$	672,845	\$	6,764,571
Concert Production Expense		1,402,053		-		-		1,402,053
Professional Fees		34,410		162,774		8,253		205,437
Advertising and Promotion		30,733		-		6		30,739
Office Expenses		131,587		40,258		59,418		231,263
Information Technology		237,976		56,790		51,316		346,082
Occupancy		154,182		68,959		52,752		275,893
Travel, Meals, and Entertainment		9,202		1,126		11,932		22,260
Conferences, Conventions, Meetings		1,006		589		284		1,879
Depreciation		110,558		3,974		14,847		129,379
Insurance		24,862		42,342		8,081		75,285
Fees and Miscellaneous Expenses		2,815		445		114,352		117,612
		7,549,755		1,058,612		994,086		9,602,453
Less Expenses Included with Revenues on the Statement of Activities								
Cost of direct benefits to donors		(59,893)		-		(3,719)		(63,612)
Total Expenses Included in the Expense Section on the Statement of Activities	Ś	7,489,862	Ś	1,058,612	Ś	990,367	¢	9,538,841
Statement of Activities	Ļ	, , ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u>ب</u>	1,030,012	Ļ	550,507	ر ب	5,550,041

The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society Statements of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Artistic Program		nagement d General	Fu	Indraising		Total
Salaries and Benefits	\$	4,672,335	\$	625,624	\$	637,736	\$	5,935,695
Concert Production Expense		793,078		-		1,159		794,237
Professional Fees		4,120		92,978		8,267		105,365
Advertising and Promotion		78,330		1,870		6,870		87,070
Office Expenses		65,743		36,367		66,534		168,644
Information Technology		244,520		59,831		46,352		350,703
Occupancy		153,894		70,283		50,972		275,149
Travel, Meals, and Entertainment		3,668		1,817		4,836		10,321
Conferences, Conventions, Meetings		1,020		22,357		135		23,512
Depreciation		189,639		8,590		16,244		214,473
Insurance		19,412		35,569		6,919		61,900
Fees and Miscellaneous Expenses		514		(7,201)		41,364		34,677
		6,226,273		948,085		887,388		8,061,746
Less Expenses Included with Revenues on the Statement of Activities Cost of direct benefits to donors		-		-		(17,747)		(17,747)
						((
Total Expenses Included in the Expense Section on the								
Statement of Activities	Ş	6,226,273	Ş	948,085	\$	869,641	Ş	8,043,999

	2022	2021
Cash Flows used for Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ (2,036,883)	\$ 13,076,390
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	+ (-//	+
from operating activities		
Forgiveness of PPP loan	(1,203,597)	(1,215,195)
Employee retention tax credit	454,514	(1,080,672)
Depreciation	129,379	214,473
Net investment return	7,274,210	(11,596,652)
Change in beneficial interest in trusts	146,860	(779,446)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities Promises to give and other receivables	(442,221)	(225,806)
Prepaid expenses	(442,221) 13,874	(235,896) 23,588
Accounts payable	60,368	87,834
Accrued expenses	(138,654)	101,047
Deferred revenue	25,237	(211,869)
Gift annuities payable	(45,703)	1,181
		,
Net Cash from (used for) Operating Activities	4,237,384	(1,615,217)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(110,274)	(34,723)
Net withdrawals from (additions to) investments	(4,068,518)	2,000,062
		,
Net Cash from (used for) Investing Activities	(4,178,792)	1,965,339
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Receipt of PPP loan	-	1,203,597
Net Cash from Financing Activities	-	1,203,597
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	58,592	1,553,719
Cach and Cach Equivalents, Reginning of Year		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	5,068,298	3,514,579
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 5,126,890	\$ 5,068,298
	, , -,	. ,,
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Equipment acquired under capital lease	\$ 111,465	\$-

Note 1 - Principal Activity and Significant Accounting Policies

The mission of The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society (the SPCO) is to sustain a world-class chamber orchestra at the highest standards of artistic excellence that enriches the Twin Cities community by sharing dynamic, distinctive, and engaging performances. We are actively committed to accessibility and intentional inclusivity in all aspects of our work and continually strive to provide all people in our community with opportunities to connect with the music we perform.

COVID-19 Pandemic and Recovery

At the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in the spring of 2020, the SPCO established three core objectives for navigating the crisis: maintaining the financial health and sustainability of the organization, maintaining employment and compensation for staff and musicians, and adding as much value as possible to the community by sharing music in a safe and responsible manner. These objectives informed operational and financial practices during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

In response to the pandemic and orders and guidance from governmental authorities, the SPCO cancelled indoor concerts with audiences beginning in late March 2020 and through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. During that time, the SPCO expanded its free livestream programming and offered a small number of free outdoor concerts. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the SPCO resumed indoor concerts with audiences while continuing livestream programming. The season included limits on capacity and other restrictions, a staggered return to some venues, and concert cancellations during periods with high infection rates.

Financial results from operations were significantly affected by the pandemic in both years. There was no ticket office revenue during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and contributions and grants included donations of the cost of tickets and memberships purchased for concerts which could not be held. Ticket revenue returned during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, at lower than pre-pandemic levels; contributions and grants also included donations of unused tickets for that period. Revenues in both fiscal years included federal relief through the Paycheck Protection Program and, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, employee retention tax credits, as well as contributions by patrons to special fundraising campaigns for financial stability. Expenses in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were significantly below pre-pandemic levels due to lower levels of activity and the elimination of non-essential spending. Expenses increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as more activity was possible but remained below pre-pandemic levels. In keeping with the objectives for navigating the crisis, reductions in expenses were achieved without furloughs or salary cuts for musicians or staff; increases in operating net assets were used to grow the Rainy Day Fund reserves, and the rate of the endowment draw for operations was reduced, to strengthen financial health and sustainability.

In April 2022, the Board of Directors endorsed objectives for the recovery period, which will likely take several years. These objectives include returning to pre-pandemic levels of artistic programming, rebuilding audience levels and returning to balanced budgets from recurring revenue sources as soon as possible, while retaining an adequate Rainy Day Fund for future disruptions.

Changes in Accounting Policy

The SPCO adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-07, *Not-for-Profit Entities* (*Topic 958*) *Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*, beginning the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The standard requires enhanced presentation and disclosure of contributed nonfinancial assets. The accounting change has been retroactively applied to prior periods presented.

The SPCO adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement,* beginning the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This ASU provides revisions and deletions to guidance regarding the disclosure requirements included in Topic 820, including eliminating and modifying existing disclosure requirements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The SPCO considers all bank and similar time deposits, demand accounts, and money market funds with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents in the endowment fund are classified under investments. The SPCO maintains its cash in deposit accounts which may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) limits at times. The SPCO has not experienced any losses in these accounts.

Redemptions Receivable

The SPCO receives redemptions on certain investment securities from time to time. These redemptions are received and reinvested in other investment securities.

Promises to Give

Promises to give are recorded at net realizable value. Long-term promises to give are recorded at the present value of the amounts expected to be collected. The discounts are computed using an imputed interest rate applicable to the year in which the promise is received. In subsequent years, amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue in the statement of activities. Promises to give are written off when deemed uncollectible. The SPCO provides an allowance for bad debts, which is management's estimate of uncollectible pledges receivable, based on a review of each significant pledge and historical collection rates. The allowance for uncollectible pledges receivable was \$45,000 at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Other Receivables

Other receivables include balances due from the U.S. Treasury upon review by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for employee retention tax credits as well as balances for shared use of facilities and personnel services, stock gifts in transit, and other miscellaneous items. Payments on non-government receivables are generally due no later than 30 days after receipt of an invoice. The SPCO may provide an allowance for bad debts for other receivables, based on management judgment, considering historical information and an assessment of any past-due accounts. If accounts are significantly past due, the accounts are written off after all collection efforts have been exhausted. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, an allowance for bad debts was not considered to be warranted. The SPCO's other receivables balance as of July 1, 2020, was \$22,816.

Prepaid Expenses

Expenses associated with future performances, as well as prepayments on insurance and annual contracts that benefit the subsequent fiscal year, are reported as prepaid expenses.

Property and Equipment

Purchased property and equipment are valued at cost. Expenditures for equipment costing \$5,000 or more with a life greater than one year are capitalized. Contributed property and equipment is recorded at the fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of property and equipment, other than fine instruments, is calculated based on estimated useful lives of three to ten years using the straight-line method and is charged to the applicable functional expense. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of useful life or term of the lease.

Instruments that appreciate or hold their value over time are considered fine instruments. Fine instruments are not depreciated and are shown at their cost basis of \$156,039 at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related depreciation or amortization are deducted from the accounts, and any remaining gains or losses are included in the statement of activities. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are expensed in the period incurred. The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. When considered impaired, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds the fair value of the asset. The SPCO has determined there were no indicators of asset impairment during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Beneficial Interests in Trusts Held by Others

At times, the SPCO is the recipient of a beneficial interest in a trust. These trusts are created independently by donors and administered by agents designated by the donors. The SPCO has neither possession nor control over the assets of the trusts.

At the date the SPCO receives notice of a beneficial interest which is irrevocable, a contribution is recorded in the statement of activities, with donor restrictions if applicable, and a beneficial interest in trusts held by others is recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value, which is calculated as the present value of the expected distributions. This value is updated annually at the end of each fiscal year until distribution, as well as upon trust distribution, with the updated value reported in the statement of financial position at value recognized in the statement of activities.

Upon receipt of trust distributions or expenditures, or both, in satisfaction of the donor-restricted purpose, if any, net assets with donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions are released to net assets without donor restrictions. Trust distributions with donor-imposed restrictions that are perpetual in nature are transferred to the endowment, in which case, net assets with donor-restrictions are not released. The SPCO is the irrevocable beneficiary of two trusts. A trust with donor-imposed restrictions that are perpetual in nature was received during the year ended June 30, 2016, and a trust without donor restrictions was received during the year ended June 30, 2021. The trust without donor restrictions was designated by the Board of Directors to the endowment. The changes in present value in both trusts are reflected in the statement of activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The year-end values for the trusts are reflected in the statement of the statement of financial position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The values of the trusts are based on the underlying investments less anticipated costs, discounted at a rate of 7%.

Investments

Investment purchases are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments are reported at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Investments include alternative investments such as real estate, commodities, energy-related assets, and hedge funds in limited-liability investment fund vehicles which lack readily available quoted prices. In these cases, fair values are determined by their respective managers or third-party fund administrators. Net investment return (loss) is reported in the statement of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less management and custodial fees, and income taxes, if applicable. The SPCO's investment redemption receivables balance as of July 1, 2020, was \$0.

Deferred Ticket Revenue

Advance season ticket sales are deemed to be earned and reported as revenue upon the completion of the related performance or event. Amounts received but not yet earned are reported as deferred revenue. The value of tickets sold for concerts cancelled due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which were not refunded or donated to the SPCO and are available for patrons to use for future ticket purchases, are also included in deferred revenue. The SPCO's deferred ticket revenue as of July 1, 2020, was \$789,633. The deferred ticket revenues as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$848,001 and \$679,390, respectively.

Gift Annuities Payable

The SPCO has received contributions under annuity contracts which generally provide for payments to the annuitants for life. Contributed assets are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt. The annuity contracts liability is recorded based on the present value of the future expected payments to the donors, and a contribution is recognized for the difference between the liability and funds received. Changes in the estimated value of the liability are reflected in the statement of activities. The SPCO uses discount rates of 4% to 7% to determine the present value of the liability. Gift annuities payable at June 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$272,969 and \$318,672, respectively.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing Board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for the Rainy Day Fund and Board-designated endowment.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. Some donor-imposed (or grantor-) restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained into perpetuity. The SPCO reports contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Rainy Day Fund (RDF) – Net assets designated to the RDF by the Board of Directors plus net assets restricted to the RDF by donors. The RDF includes net assets both with and without donor restrictions. The RDF was established in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, with the goal of a reserve of 10% of the SPCO's average operating revenues and support. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Board increased the goal to at least 25% of the SPCO's annual operating expenses. The RDF is intended to support stable day-to-day operations in the event of significant revenue shortfalls, particularly those caused by a recession or other economic shock which significantly reduces the SPCO's ability to generate revenues and support. The primary intended use is to provide funds to maintain salary and benefits levels for musicians and staff and to meet contractual commitments during the time affected by these impacts. The criteria for accessing and replenishing the RDF are governed by Board policy.

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

The SPCO receives contributions and grants from individuals, corporations, foundations, and government agencies primarily in the State of Minnesota. When there are neither conditions nor a right of return, the SPCO recognizes contributions upon receipt of cash, securities or other assets, a promise to give, or a notification of a beneficial interest. The SPCO records special events revenue equal to the fair value of direct benefits to donors and contribution income for the excess received when the event takes place.

Unconditional contributions, which are purpose or time-restricted, are recorded as contributions with donor restrictions and released to net assets without donor restrictions as restrictions are met. Unconditional contributions with donor restrictions which are perpetual in nature are recorded as additions to net assets with donor restrictions.

Contributions, grants, or promises to give which include a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met. Cash payments received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as advance payments in deferred revenue in the statement of financial position.

The SPCO receives revenues from ticket sales and membership dues, which are included in ticket office revenues, and contracted services. The SPCO recognizes revenue from ticket sales at the time of performance. During the COVID-19 pandemic, tickets were sold for concerts which were subsequently cancelled. Receipts from patrons who directed that their payments for tickets to cancelled or unattended concerts be donated to the SPCO were accounted for as contributions. Membership dues, which are nonrefundable, are an exchange transaction based on the value of benefits provided, which primarily consists of free or reduced tickets for in-person concerts. Membership dues are recognized over the course of the concert season. Because no ticketed concerts were held in the year ended June 30, 2021, membership dues were accounted for as contributions during that fiscal year. Contracted services revenue is recognized at the time of performance of the contracted service.

Endowment Income

The majority of the net investment return (loss) is available for general use and may be used to offset endowment management expenses, fund operations, or be reinvested in accordance with the SPCO's investment policy. Income from investments with donor restriction is used for its intended purpose.

Other Funds Held in Trust

The SPCO is the beneficiary of The Saint Paul Chamber Orchestra Society Fund (the Fund) of The Saint Paul Foundation. The Saint Paul Foundation is the owner of all property in the Fund and has ultimate authority over distributions from the Fund. The SPCO records contribution revenue when distributions are made. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the SPCO recorded \$36,535 and \$34,744, respectively, in Fund distributions.

Donated Services and In-Kind Contributions

Volunteers contribute significant amounts of time to program services, administration, and fundraising and development activities; however, the financial statements do not reflect the value of these contributed services because they do not meet recognition criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. Contributed goods are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. Donated professional services are recorded at the respective fair values of the services received. See Note 12 for additional information.

The policy of the SPCO is to sell contributed assets immediately upon receipt unless the asset is restricted for use in a specific program by the donor.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Expenses are summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Material costs that are organization-wide are allocated on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied between programs and supporting services. These costs include certain salaries and benefits, occupancy and related insurance, information technology, depreciation, and office expenses. Occupancy and related insurance are allocated based on the square footage occupied by the respective functions. Information technology, office expenses, depreciation, and salaries and benefits for facilities management and technology staff are allocated based on full-time equivalent administrative staff in each function.

Marketing and Promotion Costs

The SPCO expenses the production costs of advertising the first time the advertising takes place, except for direct-response advertising, which is recorded in prepaid expenses. Direct-response advertising consists primarily of season brochures that include order forms for the SPCO's concerts. The prepaid advertising is expensed in the fiscal year in which the concerts occur. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, \$23,510 and \$13,006 of advertising was reported as prepaid expenses, respectively.

Income Taxes

The SPCO is organized as a Minnesota nonprofit corporation and has been recognized by the IRS as exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3), qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi), and has been determined not to be a private foundation under Section 509(a)(1). The SPCO is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. In addition, the SPCO is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to the exempt purpose. The SPCO files an Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return (Form 990-T) with the IRS to report its unrelated business taxable income. The SPCO believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken affecting its annual filing requirements, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. The SPCO would recognize future accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits and liabilities in income tax expense if such interest and penalties are incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the revenues and expenses reported as of the date of the financial statements. The SPCO's financial statements include amounts that are based on management's best estimates and judgments including amounts for the valuation of trusts, gift annuities, contributions receivable, the functional allocations of expenses, and the allowance for doubtful accounts. We believe that we have made reasonable estimates within our financial statements, and there may be changes to those estimates in future periods. The SPCO also relies on the estimates of outside fund managers regarding certain components of the alternative investments. Actual results could differ from these estimates, and those differences could be material.

Financial Instruments and Credit Risk

The SPCO manages deposit concentration risk by placing cash, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit with financial institutions believed by management to be creditworthy. At times, amounts on deposit may exceed insured limits or include uninsured investments in money market mutual funds. To date, the SPCO has not experienced losses in any of these accounts. Credit risk associated with accounts receivable and promises to give is considered limited due to high historical collection rates and because substantial portions of the outstanding amounts are due from Board members, corporations, and foundations supportive of the SPCO's mission. Investments are made by investment managers whose performance is monitored by management and the Investment Committee of the Board of Directors. Although the fair values of investments are subject to fluctuation, management and the Investment Committee believe that the investment policies and guidelines are prudent for the long-term welfare of the SPCO.

Concentration and Sources of Labor

Office, clerical, and management employees of the SPCO are not unionized. Substantially all of the stage employees of the SPCO are represented by the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees, Local 13. A collective bargaining agreement is in effect through June 30, 2025. Substantially all musicians of the SPCO are represented by the Twin Cities Musicians Union, Local 30-73. A collective bargaining agreement is in effect through June 30, 2024.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of amounts previously reported have been made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements to maintain consistency between periods presented. The reclassifications had no impact on previously reported net assets.

Note 2 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

	 2022	 2021
Cash and cash equivalents Promises to give Other receivables	\$ 779,159 993,361 813,673	\$ 798,256 920,562 1,207,008
Due from/(to) endowment assets for prior year Endowment spending-rate distributions and	(763)	(84,923)
appropriations for the next 12 months	 2,000,000	 1,835,448
	\$ 4,585,430	\$ 4,676,351

As part of the liquidity management plan, cash in excess of daily requirements may be invested in money market funds. As more fully described in Note 6, the SPCO also has a committed line of credit in the amount of \$1.5 million, which it may draw upon certain months of the year due to the timing of contribution receipts.

In addition to the assets listed above, the SPCO maintains a Rainy Day Fund (RDF) to support the organization if needed in the event of significant revenues shortfalls, particularly those caused by recessions or other economic shocks. When possible, the SPCO budgets for increases in operating net assets which may be designated by the Board of Directors to the RDF. In addition, the RDF includes other revenues designated by the Board of Directors and gifts which have been restricted by donors to the RDF. The cash and pledges due within one year for the RDF was \$4,292,731 and \$4,082,185 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Because these funds are available in limited circumstances and subject to Board approval after other options are exhausted, these funds are not included in the balances listed above.

A Board-designated endowment of \$4,110,457 and \$2,897,350 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, is subject to the endowment spending policy as described in Note 9. Although the SPCO does not intend to spend from this Board-designated endowment (other than amounts appropriated for general expenditure as part of the Board's annual budget approval and appropriation), these amounts could be made available if necessary.

Note 3 - Investment Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

Investments

The SPCO has a diversified investment portfolio. The SPCO's endowment investment objectives and policies were developed by the Board of Directors Investment Committee in conjunction with the SPCO's investment advisors and approved by the Board of Directors. Objectives are achieved through external investment managers operating with a variety of vehicles, including separate accounts, commingled funds, and limited partnerships. Investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect account balances and the amounts reported in the statements of activities.

The SPCO holds balances in alternative investments including real estate, commodities, energy-related assets, and hedge funds in limited-liability investment fund vehicles. All alternative investment vehicles report balances on a monthly or quarterly basis and are audited on an annual basis. Their balances are carried at fair value, based on estimates of the fund managers in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Such values may differ significantly from the values that would have been derived had a ready market existed for these investments, and these differences could be material. Unrealized gains or losses are recognized in the period in which they occur.

Instrument Loan Fund

The SPCO has an instrument loan fund as part of the fixed-income portion of the endowment portfolio. A maximum of \$1,000,000 was approved to be used for loans to full-time, tenured musicians who wish to purchase new instruments. This program was designed to enhance the artistic quality of the concerts while helping musicians avoid the high costs of conventional financing. The loans can have a maximum 20-year term. The interest rate is 0.5% higher than the six-month United States Treasury Bill yield, or 0.5% higher than the IRS rate for imputed income, whichever is higher, and is adjusted annually. Obtaining a loan requires an application, credit review, and approval by the Investment Committee of the Board of Directors. The instrument itself is the collateral on the loan.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, one musician had an outstanding loan. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, was \$35,863 and \$43,291, respectively. The outstanding balance is included in the endowment investment account. The loan had an interest rate of 2.57%, compounded monthly from July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, and 1.67%, compounded monthly from July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021.

Fair Value Measurements

Certain assets and liabilities are reported at fair value in the financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal, or most advantageous, market at the measurement date under current market conditions, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available.

A three-tier hierarchy categorizes the inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the SPCO can access at the measurement date.
- <u>Level 2</u> Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and market-corroborated inputs.
- <u>Level 3</u> Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. In these situations, the SPCO develops inputs using the best information available in the circumstances.

In some cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those cases, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to entire measurement requires judgment, taking into account factors specific to the asset or liability. The categorization of an asset within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the asset and does not necessarily correspond to the SPCO's assessment of the quality, risk, or liquidity profile of the asset or liability.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

<u>Investment Securities</u> (consisting of fixed income securities, stocks, cash and cash equivalents, and interest receivable): Valued at the quoted market values for Level 1 and valued at the quoted prices of similar assets or liabilities in active markets for Level 2.

<u>Alternative Investments</u> (consisting of real estate, commodities, energy-related assets, private equity, and hedge funds in limited-liability investment fund vehicles): Valued at net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the SPCO at year end based on fair value as determined by their respective manager or third-party fund administrator in the absence of readily ascertainable market values.

Instrument Loan Fund: Valued at current outstanding loan balance with musicians.

<u>Beneficial Interest in Trusts</u>: Valued at year-end as a Level 3 investment utilizing net asset value as determined by their respective third-party fund administrator and adjusted for a present value discount.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the SPCO believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Assets	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Measured at NAV
Investment securities					
Fixed income securities	\$	\$ 9,153,687	\$-	\$ -	\$-
Stock mutual funds	24,902,037	24,902,037	-	-	-
Stock commingled funds	2,637,969	-	2,637,969	-	-
Instrument loan fund	35,863	-	-	35,863	-
Restricted cash and cash					
equivalents (at cost)	898,238	-	-	-	-
Interest receivable	281	281			
	37,628,075	34,056,005	2,637,969	35,863	-
Alternative investments					
Absolute return strategies	2,953,491	-	-	-	2,953,491
Private equity	2,785,543	-	-	-	2,785,543
Real assets	4,932,831				4,932,831
	10,671,865	-	-		10,671,865
	\$ 48,299,940	\$ 34,056,005	\$ 2,637,969	\$ 35,863	\$ 10,671,865
Beneficial interest in trusts					
Remainder trusts	\$ 861,618	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 861,618	\$-

The following table presents assets and liabilities measured at fair value and those measured at NAV as a practical expedient on a recurring basis, except for those measured at cost as identified below, at June 30, 2022:

The following table presents assets and liabilities measured at fair value and those measured at NAV as a practical expedient on a recurring basis, except for those measured at cost as identified below, at June 30, 2021:

Assets	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Measured at NAV
Investment securities					
Fixed income securities	\$ 9,633,898	\$ 1,067	\$ 9,632,831	\$-	\$ -
Stock mutual funds	22,451,537	22,451,537	-	-	-
Stock commingled funds	2,717,483	-	2,717,483	-	-
Instrument loan fund	43,291	-	-	43,291	-
Restricted cash and cash					
equivalents (at cost)	11,392	-	-	-	-
Interest receivable	11	11	-	-	-
	34,857,612	22,452,615	12,350,314	43,291	-
Alternative investments					
Absolute return strategies	10,854,808	-	-	-	10,854,808
Private equity	2,382,260	-	-	-	2,382,260
Real assets	3,410,952	-	-	-	3,410,952
	16,648,020	-		-	16,648,020
	\$ 51,505,632	\$ 22,452,615	\$ 12,350,314	\$ 43,291	\$ 16,648,020
Beneficial interest in trusts					
Remainder trusts	\$ 1,008,478	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,008,478	\$-

Investments in certain entities that calculate NAV per share as a practical expedient are as follows for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Number of Investments	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
June 30, 2022 Absolute return strategies Private equity Real assets	4 5 4	\$ 2,953,491 2,785,543 4,932,831	\$- 2,272,454 689,070	Quarterly Illiquid Daily, illiquid	30, 45, 60, 70 None
Balance, end of year		\$ 10,671,865	\$ 2,961,524		
June 30, 2021 Absolute return strategies Private equity	6 4	\$ 10,854,808 2,382,260	\$- 1,982,762	Quarterly, annually Illiquid	30, 45, 60, 70, 180 days, or 3/1
Real assets	5	3,410,952	429,365	Daily, illiquid	None
Balance, end of year		\$ 16,648,020	\$ 2,412,127		

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers in or out of level 3.

Note 4 - Promises to Give

Promises to give are estimated to be collected during the following timeframes at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Within one year In one to ten years	\$ 1,617,431 305,650	\$ 997,139 148,000
	1,923,081	1,145,139
Less discount to net present value (3%) Less allowance for uncollectible promises to give	(14,055) (45,000)	(7,453) (45,000)
	\$ 1,864,026	\$ 1,092,686

Promises to give from three contributors accounted for 36% and 30% of total promises to give at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Note 5 - Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, is as follows:

	2022	2021
Stage equipment	\$ 116,595	\$ 116,595
Computer and video production equipment Furniture and fixtures	1,283,371 407,599	1,180,183 407,599
Leasehold improvements Musical instruments	71,792 423,679	73,137 423,679
Capital lease Artwork	119,895 24,000	- 24,000
	2,446,931	2,225,193
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,964,018)	(1,834,640)
	\$ 482,913	\$ 390,553

Note 6 - Line of Credit

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the SPCO maintained a line of credit agreement that allowed it to borrow up to \$1,500,000. The line is secured by investments without donor restrictions. Interest was accrued on any unpaid balances of the note at an annual rate equal to the one-month LIBOR plus 2.0% through January 31, 2022, or SOFR plus 2.02% beginning February 1, 2022. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the expiration on the line of credit was January 31, 2023, and January 31, 2022, respectively. The line of credit is used to fund seasonal cash flow needs due to the timing of contribution receipts and is paid off in full on an annual basis. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$0.

Note 7 - Government Relief

Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") Loan

The SPCO was granted a \$1,215,195 loan under the PPP administered by an SBA approved partner in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The loan was uncollateralized and fully guaranteed by the Federal Government. The SPCO initially recorded a note payable and subsequently recorded forgiveness when the loan obligation was legally released by the SBA. The SPCO recognized \$1,215,195 of loan forgiveness income for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The SPCO was granted a \$1,203,597 loan under the PPP administered by an SBA approved partner in the year ended June 30, 2021. The loan was uncollateralized and fully guaranteed by the Federal Government. The SPCO initially recorded a note payable and subsequently recorded forgiveness when the loan obligation was legally released by the SBA. The SPCO recognized \$1,203,597 of loan forgiveness income for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Employee Retention Tax Credit ("ERTC")

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) provided an ERTC which is a refundable tax credit against payroll taxes for employers meeting certain criteria. The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 expanded the credit, including an elimination of the exclusion of entities which had received a PPP loan and an extension of the ERTC through December 31, 2021. The ERTC was equal to 50% of up to \$10,000 of qualified wages paid to employees, or \$5,000 per employee, through December 31, 2020. The credit was equal to 70% of up to \$10,000 of qualified wages per quarter, or \$7,000 per employee per quarter, during calendar 2021. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the SPCO recorded \$1,080,672 in government relief for credits through June 30, 2021.

Unemployment Costs Relief Credit

The CARES Act also gave states the option to provide relief to reimbursing employers under the state's unemployment insurance program. In response to this, the State of Minnesota implemented a program which provided the SPCO and other reimbursing employers with credits to offset unemployment expenses incurred during this time. During the year ended June 30, 2021, the SPCO recorded \$19,656, which is included in government relief on the statement of activities.

Note 8 - Commitments

The SPCO routinely enters into contracts for future concerts, tours, hall rentals, guest artists, and conductors.

The SPCO has lease agreements for office space, office equipment and one vehicle. The SPCO has one long term lease obligation recorded in accrued expenses and long-term payables. Total lease expense for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, totaled \$3,492 and \$0 in interest expense, respectively; and \$9,991 and \$0 in amortization expense, respectively. Future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	apital eases	Operating Leases		
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 23,844 23,844 23,844 23,844 23,844 11,922	\$	283,430 286,941 290,452 80,564 - -	
Total minimum lease payments Less amount representing interest Capital lease obligation	\$ 131,142 (19,677) 111,465	\$	941,386	

Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$274,049 and \$274,585, respectively.

Leased property under capital leases at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is comprised of the following:

	 2022	20	21
Vehicle Less accumulated amortization	\$ 119,895 (9,991)	\$	-
	\$ 109,904	\$	-

Amortization of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

Note 9 - Endowments

The SPCO's endowment consists of pooled funds restricted for the long-term support of the organization including funds with donor restrictions and funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments. Net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors of the SPCO has interpreted the Minnesota Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (the UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, unless there are explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no such donor stipulations. As a result of this interpretation, the SPCO retains in perpetuity (a) the original value of initial and subsequent gift amounts (including promises to give net of discount and allowance for doubtful accounts) donated to the endowment and (b) any accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added. Donor-restricted amounts not retained in perpetuity are subject to appropriation for expenditure in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by the UPMIFA. The following factors are considered in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund;
- The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- General economic conditions;
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- Other resources of the organization; and
- The investment policies of the organization.

The composition of the endowment net assets by fund type as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	 thout Donor estrictions	With Donor Restrictions		Total	
June 30, 2022					
Board-designated endowment funds	\$ 4,110,457	\$	-	\$	4,110,457
Donor-restricted endowment funds Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor	_	42.1	101,261		42,101,261
	\$ 4,110,457	\$ 42,1	L01,261	\$	46,211,718

The composition of the endowment net assets by fund type as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
June 30, 2021						
Board-designated endowment funds	\$	2,897,350	\$	-	\$	2,897,350
Donor-restricted endowment funds Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained						
in perpetuity by donor Accumulated investment gains		-		0,231,778 5,711,034		40,231,778 5,711,034
	\$	2,897,350	\$4	5,942,812	\$	48,840,162

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the endowment is offset by gift annuities payable of \$272,969 and \$318,672, respectively.

	Without DonorWith DonorRestrictionsRestrictions		Total	
June 30, 2022				
Endowment net assets, beginning of year Net investment return Grants and contributions Designation of released funds to endowment Change in value of trusts Change in value of gift annuities Appropriation of endowment assets	\$ 2,897,350 (947,041) 2,237,819 349,293 (101,861) (41,639)	\$ 45,942,812 (6,197,199) 4,000,000 - (44,999) -	\$ 48,840,162 (7,144,240) 6,237,819 349,293 (146,860) (41,639)	
pursuant to spending-rate policy Other changes Distribution from Board-designated endowment	-	(1,599,353)	(1,599,353)	
pursuant to distribution policy Other expenses	(259,788) (23,676)	-	(259,788) (23,676)	
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 4,110,457	\$ 42,101,261	\$ 46,211,718	
June 30, 2021	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	
, -				
Endowment net assets, beginning of year Net investment return Grants and contributions Change in value of trusts Change in value of gift annuities Appropriation of endowment assets pursuant to spending-rate policy Other changes Distribution from Board-designated endowment pursuant to distribution policy Other expenses	\$ 1,264,825 752,748 1,065,536 39,376 (91,185) - (116,367) (17,583)	\$ 37,623,406 9,948,338 - 54,534 - (1,683,466) - -	<pre>\$ 38,888,231 10,701,086 1,065,536 93,910 (91,185) (1,683,466) (116,367) (17,583)</pre>	

Changes in endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, are as follows:

Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or the UPMIFA requires the SPCO and the perpetual trust to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. For the year ended June 30, 2022, deficiencies of this nature existed in one donor-restricted endowment fund, which had original gift values of \$43,948,211, a fair value of \$41,862,694, and a deficiency of \$2,085,517. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred after the investment of new contributions for donor-restricted endowment funds and continued appropriation for certain programs that were deemed prudent by the Board of Directors. For the year ended June 30, 2021, no deficiencies of this nature existed.

The SPCO has a policy that permits spending from underwater endowment funds unless otherwise precluded by donor intent or relevant laws and regulations. The governing board appropriated for expenditure \$1,599,353 from underwater endowment funds during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The SPCO has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to general operations while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include donor-restricted funds that the SPCO must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period(s) as well as Board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets have been invested in a manner intended to provide a long-term return of 5% and allowing for inflation. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the SPCO relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The SPCO targets a diversified asset allocation of bonds, equities, marketable alternatives, real assets, absolute return funds, and private equity to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

The SPCO has established an endowment spending policy to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment funds. This policy was reaffirmed in the year ended June 30, 2021, and applies to funds with restrictions into perpetuity, as well as funds that have been designated by the Board of Directors as endowment funds. Real growth in the endowment is provided through new gifts and any excess investment returns. In establishing the endowment draw rate, the SPCO considers the long-term expected return on its endowment and the current and historical purchasing power of the endowment. Since the year ended June 30, 2016, the SPCO has made gradual reductions in the draw rate to a level more likely to maintain its purchasing power. The endowment draw percentage for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was 4.65% of the endowment fund's average value. The endowment draw percentage for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was 4.20% of the endowment fund's average value.

Note 10 - Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes or periods:

	2022	2021
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose	\$ 1,111,074	\$ 1,188,622
Concert production projects	240,937	216,434
Digital Media initiative	58,469	76,266
New Generation initiative	701,748	659,163
Rainy Day Fund	52,268	25,322
Other	2,164,496	2,165,807
Subject to passage of time	570,595	286,372
Annual Fund for future years	3,299,631	3,158,943
Other support	3,870,226	3,445,315
Endowments Subject to appropriation and expenditures when a specified event occurs Available for general use Broadcasting, recording, touring Music education and outreach New music	- - - - -	5,482,515 6,331 147,731 74,457 5,711,034
Perpetual in nature, earnings from which are subject to endowment spending policy appropriation General use Broadcasting, recording, touring Music education and outreach New music Underwater endowments	43,045,820 25,000 583,370 294,021 (2,085,517) 41,862,694	39,045,821 25,000 583,370 294,021 - 39,948,212
Perpetual in nature, not subject to spending policy or appropriation	238,567	283,566
Beneficial interests in charitable trusts held by others	\$ 48,135,983	\$ 51,553,934

Net assets released from restrictions during the years ended June 30), 2022 and 2021, consist of the following:
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	2022		 2021	
Expiration of time restrictions Satisfaction of purpose restrictions	\$	695,852	\$ 1,134,283	
Concert production projects		134,363	110,905	
Education programs		22,420	12,420	
Digital Media initiative		404,010	438,554	
New Generation initiative		17,797	-	
Diversity and inclusion initiative		95,000	20,333	
Other		64,245	27,850	
		1,433,687	1,744,345	
Restricted-purpose spending-rate distributions and appropriations				
General use		1,599,353	1,683,466	
		1,599,353	 1,683,466	
	\$	3,033,040	\$ 3,427,811	

Note 11 - Retirement Plans

Defined Contribution Plan

The SPCO maintains a defined contribution retirement plan for eligible union and non-union employees. For non-union employees, the plan provides for a dollar-for-dollar match of the employee's deferred contribution to the retirement plan. Non-union employees who normally work 20 or more hours per week are eligible for the employer contribution. The amount of the matching contribution may vary based upon the discretion of the SPCO. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the SPCO provided a matching contribution of up to 5.5% of each eligible employee's salary or wages. Retirement plan expense for the defined contribution plan totaled \$128,921 and \$121,776, for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Defined Benefit Plan

For union employees classified as musicians, the SPCO participates in a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan, the American Federation of Musicians and Employers' Pension Fund (the Plan), EIN/Plan Number 51-6120204 with a plan year end of March 31. The Plan was 49.9% and 53.6% funded as of April 1, 2021 (most recent available) and 2020, respectively. The Plan was in "critical" status (red Pension Protection Act Zone status) prior to June 28, 2019. On that date, the Plan was certified by its actuary to be in "critical and declining" status. The Plan's Board of Trustees adopted a rehabilitation plan on April 15, 2010, which was intended to help improve its funded status through various benefit reductions and employer contributions increases. The rehabilitation plan was last updated in June 2018. The total number of employers obligated to contribute to the Plan was approximately 4,081 during the Plan year beginning April 1, 2020 (most recent available). For the Plan years beginning April 1, 2018, 2019, and 2020, the Plan did not list on its Form 5500 any employers as having contributed more than 5% of the Plan's total contributions. The Form 5500 for Plan Year beginning April 1, 2021, has not yet been completed. The SPCO made contributions of \$241,111 and \$211,085 for years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which is recognized as pension cost. The SPCO's contributions as a percentage of the total contributions was less than 1% in the years beginning April 1, 2020 (most recent available) and 2019, respectively.

The Plan funding information does not take into account the financial assistance that the Plan expects to receive under the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). This law, enacted in March 2021, allows certain troubled multiemployer pension plans to obtain financial assistance from the federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC). The assistance is intended to provide these plans with the amount required for the Plan to pay all benefits due for the next 30 years, without reductions in already-earned benefits. The Plan qualifies for this assistance because it is in "critical and declining" status, as described above. The PBGC has begun accepting applications from different "priority groups" of qualifying plans on a staggered basis. In general, the worse a plan's financial condition, the earlier it can apply. A plan's priority group has no bearing on the amount of financial assistance it will receive. The Plan is not yet eligible to apply but will be eligible no later than March 11, 2023.

Note 12 - Donated Professional Services and Materials

There were no donated professional services or materials during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. There was \$2,090 of donated professional services and materials for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, which consisted primarily of donated artistic fees and printing services. Contributed services are valued and reported at the estimated fair value in the financial statements based on current rates for similar services.

Note 13 - The Arts Partnership

In 2007, the Arts Partnership, a 501c(3) organization, was formed for the purpose of collaborating on activities related to the Ordway Center for the Performing Arts. The Arts Partnership is exempt from income taxes as a nonprofit organization under the applicable federal and Minnesota income tax regulations. It is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the CEOs and Board representatives of the Minnesota Opera (MN Opera), Ordway Center for the Performing Arts (Ordway), Schubert Club (Schubert), and the SPCO. The Ordway has three representatives and the other organizations each have two representatives.

The partnership is built on a Master Agreement, which addresses scheduling, rental rates, and other operating and financial issues with respect to the Ordway building on a long-term basis. MN Opera, Ordway, Schubert, and the SPCO are "Arts Partners" as defined in the Master Agreement. An Arts Partner can withdraw from the agreement with a minimum five years' notice.

One of the initiatives of the Arts Partnership is to carry out fundraising for enhancements and maintenance to the Ordway building as well as to support Arts Partner utilization of the Ordway building through a subsidy of annual rental charges. Additional fundraising occurred in the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, for the All 4 One campaign, in part to support the financial stability of the Arts Partners during the pandemic and recovery. An earlier Arts Partnership campaign resulted in the construction of a new concert hall at the Ordway, which opened in 2015.

Under the terms of the Master Agreement, the SPCO has committed to a rental rate structure based on utilization of the Concert Hall at the Ordway. The SPCO received rent subsidy and other support, including support from the All 4 One campaign, of \$1,004,705 and \$455,242 from the Arts Partnership in the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Note 14 - Related Party Transactions

The SPCO receives contributions from Board members, and other related parties. Contributions received from Board members, staff, and other related parties were \$5,259,708 and \$1,507,928 in the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Promises to give from Board members, staff, and other related parties were \$469,050 and \$535,226 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

The SPCO returned to its pre-pandemic concert schedule, without capacity or other audience restrictions, beginning September 2022. While the ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is uncertain, the SPCO expects that its financial results, including ticket sales, will be impacted for the foreseeable future. The SPCO is continuing to carefully manage expenses, reserves, and funds raised from special campaigns to maintain its financial strength and sustainability through the recovery period.

The SPCO has evaluated subsequent events through November 28, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.